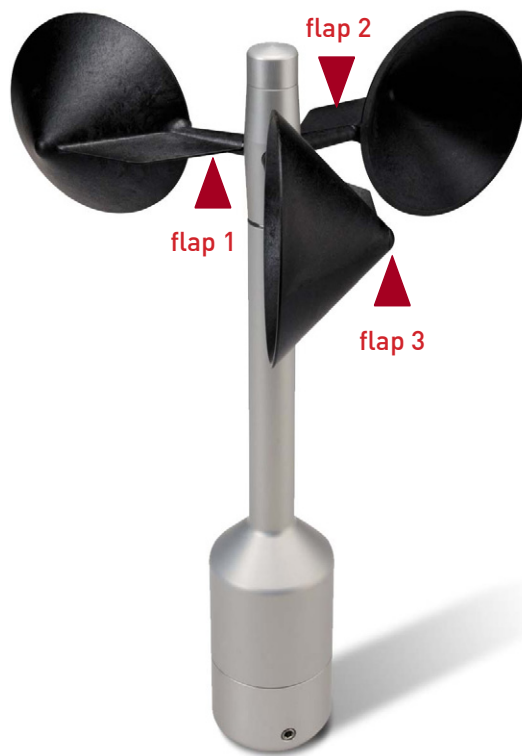


Thies Anemometer First Class Advanced

S11100 / S11100H

Accredited according to: IEC 61400-12-1 (2005-12), **CLASS A 0.9, B 3.0 & S 0.5**
MEASNET, ISO 17713-1, CLASSCUP



Optically Scanned Cup Anemometer

The anemometer Thies First Class Advanced gives outstanding performance. It is the only anemometer on the market that complies with all the requirements of IEC 61400-12-1 (2005-12), Class S 0.5.

Its performance ratings have even improved on the previous Thies First Class anemometer, which was rated the best of its kind according to the CLASSCUP / ACCUWIND Study, (Risø-R-1563-EN, Table 4-4).

This anemometer gives optimal dynamic performance with the following characteristics:

- ▶ High accuracy
- ▶ Minimal deviation from cosine line
- ▶ Excellent behaviour to turbulences
- ▶ Minimum overspeeding
- ▶ Small distance constant
- ▶ Low start up value
- ▶ Low power consumption
- ▶ Digital output

Measurement of power curves and site assessment reports are the main tasks for this instrument. The patented design is the result of long testing in the wind tunnel.

The sensor is designed for measuring the horizontal component of wind velocity in the fields of meteorology, climate measuring technology, site assessment, and the measurement of capacity characteristics of wind power systems (power curves).

For winter operation this instrument is equipped with electronically regulated heating to guarantee smooth running of the ball bearings and prevent the shaft and slot from ice build up.

Classification:

IEC 61400-12-1 (2005-12)

Class A Classification Index A 0.9

Class B Classification Index B 3.0

Class S Classification Index S 0.5

Linearity (MEASNET):

$r > 0.999\ 99$ (4...20 m/s)

Comparison of Performance of Anemometers

Cup Anemometer	Class A	Class B	Information as stated according to CLASSCUP & ACCUWIND Study (Table 4-4 horizontal wsp definition Risø R-1563-EN)
NRG max 40	2.4	7.7	
Risø P2546	1.9	8.0	
Vaisala WAA151	1.7	11.1	
Vector L100	1.8	4.5	
Thies First Class	1.5	2.9	

Thies First Class Advanced	0.9	3.0	IEC 61400-12-1 (2005-12) according to Deutsche WindGuard
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Specification

Characteristics	
Physical functionality	Optically scanned cup anemometer
Delivered signal	Frequency output (pulse)
Accuracy	
Accuracy	0.3...50 m/s 1% of meas. value or < 0.2 m/s
Linearity	Correlation factor r between frequency and wind speed y = 0.0462* f + 0.21 typical r > 0.999 99 (4...20 m/s)
Starting velocity	< 0.3 m/s
Resolution	0.05 m wind run
Distance constant	< 3 m [acc. to ASTM D 5096 - 96] 3 m acc. to ISO 17713-1
Turbulent flow	Deviation Δv turbulent compared with stationary horizontal flow -0.5 % < Δv < +2 % Frequency < 2 Hz
Inclined flow - mean deviation from cosinus line - Turbulence effect	< 0.1 % (in range of $\pm 20^\circ$) < 1 % (in the range up to 30% turbulence intensity)
Wind load	Approx. 100 N @ 75 m/s
Operating range	
Measuring range	0.3...75 m/s
Survival speed	80 m/s (mind. 30 min)
Permissible ambient conditions	-50...+80 °C, all occurring situations of relative humidity
Electrical data	
Output signal	Form rectangle, 1082 Hz @ 50 m/s, supply voltage max. 15 V
Electrical supply for optoelec. scanning	Voltage: 3.3...42 VDC (galvanic isolation from housing) Current: 0.3 mA @ 3.3 V (w/o external load) < 0.5 mA @ 5 V (w/o external load)
Electrical supply for heating*	Voltage: 24 V AC/DC (galvanic isolation from housing) Idling Voltage: max. 30 V AC, max. 42 VDC Power Consumption: 25 W
General	
Connection	8-pole plug-connection for shielded cable in the shaft
Mounting	on mast tube R1"
Dimensions	290 x 240 mm
Fixing boring	35 x 25 mm
Weight	approx. 0.5 kg
Finishes - housing	Anodised Aluminium
Finishes - cup star	Carbon-fibre-reinforced plastic
Protection	IP 55 (DIN 40050)
Patented	EP 1398637
EMC	EN 61000-6-2:2001 (immunity) EN 55022:2001, Class B (interfering transmission)
Manufacturer	Thies

* applies only for S11100H (P6101H)

Cable Connection

Characteristics curve / Calibration

Wind speed Y is determined by the linear function of the frequency output f:

$$Y = a \cdot f + b$$

Y = corrected values (m/s)

a = slope (m)

f = raw data (1/s)

b = Offset (m/s)

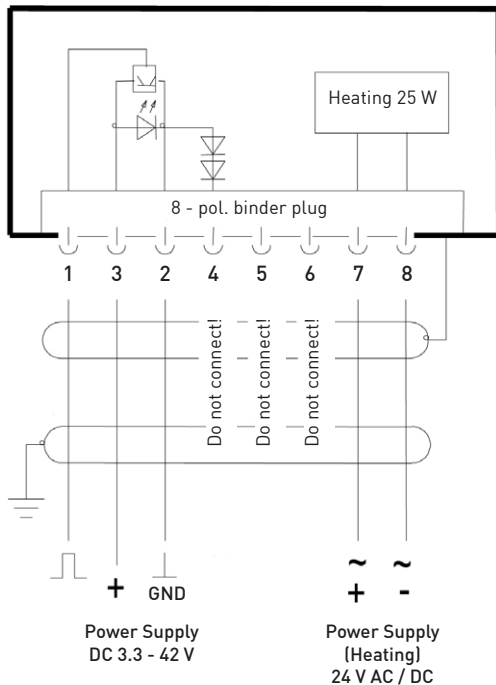
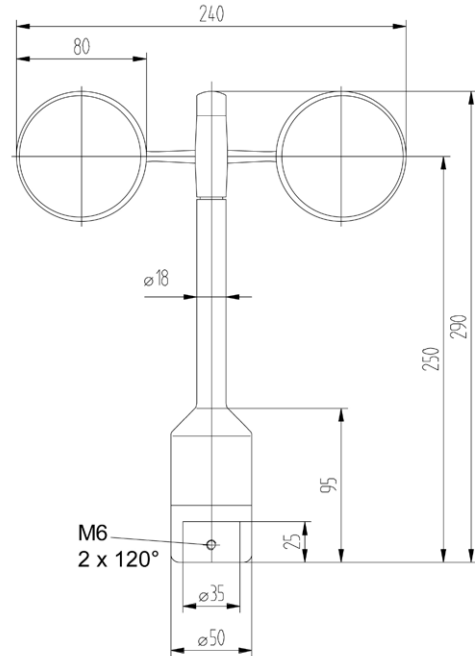
Manufacturers instructions:

Slope = 0.046 m

Offset = 0.21 m/s

For wind assessment campaigns it is required to perform an individual MEASNET calibration of each anemometer in a wind tunnel test to achieve an optimum accuracy and precision. After calibration please use the values for slope and offset according to the calibration protocol.

Dimensional Drawing



Sensor Connection

Sensor	Plug Pin No.	Ammonit Cable Wire Colour	Meteo-40 Counter	Supply Sensor
Wind speed Pulse output	1	white	CNT	
Supply	3	red		12V
Ground	2	black		Main Ground
Heating	7	orange, orange		24V AC/DC
	8	violet, violet		

Connect the shield logger-sided to Ground (GND)

Cable type without heating: LiYCY 3 x 0.25mm²

Cable type with heating wires: LiYCY 7 x 0.25mm²

Abstract: Summary of Cup Anemometer Classification

According to IEC 61400-12-1 [2005-12] Classification Scheme

Reference:

Deutsche WindGuard Wind Tunnel Services GmbH AK 08 1662.01
 Measuring period: 09.2007 - 05.2008
 Test site: Varel
 Wind Tunnel: Deutsche WindGuard GmbH, Varel

Off Axis Response

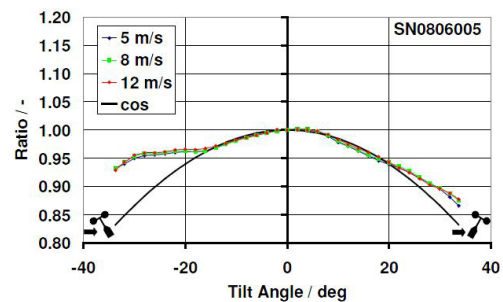
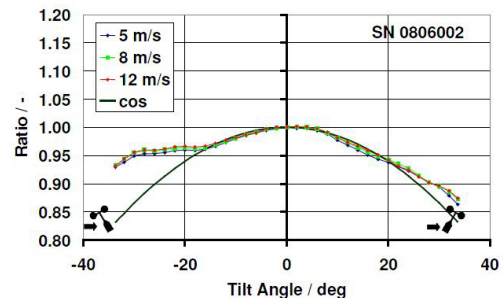
According to:

WindGuard Calibration Procedure 04/2008
 IEC 61400-12-1
 Wind Turbine Power Performance Testing 2005-12
 ISO 17713-1
 Wind tunnel test methods for rotating anemometer performance 2007-05

Result:

Figures showing the off axis response of Thies First Class for tunnel speed of 5 m/s, 8 m/s and 12 m/s. Average deviation of cosine response 0.1 percent in the range of ± 16 degree.

Uncertainty in angle measurement: 0.2 deg
 Uncertainty in zero tilt angle < 0.1 deg
 Uncertainty due to wind tunnel < 0.1 m/s



Class A Classification

According to:

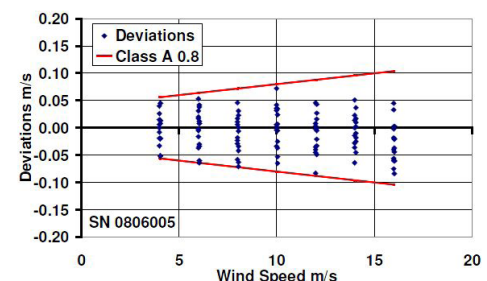
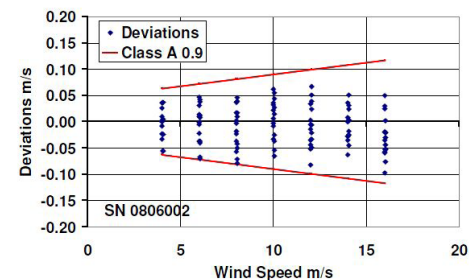
IEC 61400-12-1
 Wind Turbine Power Performance Testing 2005-12
 ACCUWIND - Method for Classification of Cup Anemometers Risø-P-1555

Influence parameter range:

Wind speed range: $V = 4\text{ m/s} - 16\text{ m/s}$
Turbulence intensity range: $0.003 - 0.12 + 0.48/V$
Turbulence structure: $1.0/0.8/0.5$
Air temperature: $0^\circ\text{C} - +40^\circ\text{C}$
Air density: $0.8 - 1.3\text{ kg/m}^3$
Flow angle: $-3\text{ deg} - 3\text{ deg}$
Wind simulation: Kaimal wind spectrum with longitudinal turbulence length scale of 350m

Result:

Figures showing the calculated total measurement error of the Thies First Class aAdvanced anemometer taking into account all influencing parameters. Negative sign: underestimation of wind speed.



Classification Index: **A 0.9**

Source: Summary of Cup Anemometer Classification, Adolf Thies GmbH & Co.KG, Deutsche WindGuard GmbH, Varel, 2008.